Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 1 of 30

- 1- Recycling trailers
- 1- Harr Motors Ad
- 1- Apts. for Rent
- 1- Bus Driver Wanted
- 1- Flea Market Ad
- 2- Initiated Measure 22
- 3- Soccer teams lose to St. Thomas More
- 4- Farewell for Pastor Elizabeth
- 4- St. John's Luncheon Ad
- 4- Six ways to save on your next car
- 5- Professional Management Services Days
- 5- City Council Special Meeting Agenda
- 6- Senator Thune's Weekly Column
- 7- Rep. Noem's Weekly Column
- 8- Cutler gets Farmers Union Scholarship
- 9- Today in Weather History
- 10- Local Weather Forecast
- 11- Yesterday's Groton Weather
- 11- Today's Weather Climate
- 11- National Weather map
- 12- Golden Living Ad
- 12- Daily Devotional
- 13 AP News

Flea Market

Flea Market for 12 days, 9 a.m. to 7 p.m., Aug. 26-Sept. 7. Vintage, Crocks, Fishing, Jewelry, Cream Cans, Marbles, Buttons, Lanterns, Oil Lamps, Yard Ornaments, Bookcases, Antiques, and Much More. 201 Hwy 25, across from Community Oil Co., Roslyn. New items added daily. 5 (10'x20') Canopys full!

Bus Driver Wanted

The Groton Area School District has openings for a part time (morning) bus route and for a full-time bus route driver. Assistance in obtaining the proper licensure is available. Please contact Transportation Supervisor, Loren Bahr, at 397-8117 for more details.

Open: Recycling Trailer in Groton The recycling trailer is located at 10 East Railroad Ave.

The cardboard/paper

c 2016 Groton Daily Independent

Monday, Aug. 22

Pool Hours:

1 p.m. to 4:50 p.m.: Open Swim 5 p.m. to 6:30 p.m.: Lap Swim 6:40 p.m. to 8 p.m.: Open Swim Be an Angel Day

National Tooth Fairy Day

Senior Menu: Goulash, green beans, apple crisp, whole wheat bread.

Anniversaries: • Rick & Melanie Rossow • Marc & Jayne Rossow

Birthdays: • Deb Thurston • Jeff Sippel • Connie McDonald • Colby Merkel • Virginia Breitkreutz

6:30am: Emmanuel Lutheran Bible Study

7:00 pm: Special City Council Meeting at Groton Community Center

Tuesday, Aug. 23

Pool Hours:

1 p.m. to 4:50 p.m.: Open Swim 5 p.m. to 6:30 p.m.: Lap Swim Ride the Wind Day

Faculty Inservice

Senior Menu: Baked pork chop, mixed vegetables, pineapple strawberry ambrosia, whole wheat bread.

Birthdays: Lisa Pray • Robin Fliehs • Allerie Loeschke • Ashley Larson • Jeremy Paul • Trista Telkamp • Lorraine Sippel

10:00am: UMC Bible Study 5:00pm: Welcome Back Picnic 6:30pm: PK-6 Open House

Apts for Rent

1 bedroom and HUGE 2 bedroom, 2 bath apartments available NOW! All utilities included except A/C, 1 bedroom \$504 and HUGE 2 bedroom 2 bath \$674 Please call or text 239-849-7674



Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 2 of 30

Initiated Measure 22

Title: An initiated measure to revise State campaign finance and lobbying laws, create a publicly funded campaign finance program, create an ethics commission, and appropriate funds

Attorney General Explanation

This measure extensively revises State campaign finance laws. It requires additional disclosures and increased reporting. It lowers contribution amounts to political action committees; political parties; and candidates for statewide, legislative, or county office. It also imposes limits on contributions from candidate campaign committees, political action committees, and political parties.

The measure creates a publicly funded campaign finance program for statewide and legislative candidates who choose to participate and agree to limits on campaign contributions and expenditures. Under the program, two \$50 "credits" are issued to each registered voter, who assigns them to participating candidates. The credits are redeemed from the program, which is funded by an annual State generalfund appropriation of \$9 per registered voter. The program fund may not exceed \$12 million at any time.

The measure creates an appointed ethics commission to administer the credit program and to enforce campaign finance and lobbying laws.

The measure prohibits certain State officials and high-level employees from lobbying until two years after leaving State government. It also places limitations on lobbyists' gifts to certain state officials and staff members.

If approved, the measure may be challenged in court on constitutional grounds.

Legislative Research Council's Prison/Jail Population Cost Estimate Statement: The penalties in this Act are administrative misdemeanors, with one class 5 felony. Their purpose is to enforce compliance with the provisions to which they adhere. These crimes are presently in statute, and past violations of these statutes show minimal charges and even fewer convictions. It is the opinion of the Legislative Research Council that the nature of these laws encourages regular compliance. When an offense is prosecuted, it will not likely result in a jail sentence. Hence, the impact on jail populations is likely negligible.

A vote "Yes" is for revising State campaign finance and lobbying laws.

A vote "No" is against the measure.

Pro –Initiated Measure 22

Vote YES on Initiated Measure 22, the South Dakota Government Accountability and Anti-Corruption Act. South Dakotans pride ourselves on being good, ethical citizens. We expect the same from our government. Under current law, South Dakota is the only state in America where lobbyists can give unlimited gifts to politicians. IM-22 ends unlimited lobbyist gifts.

A recent study found corruption in government costs every South Dakotan about \$1,300 per year. IM-22 eliminates this "corruption tax":

- IM-22 increases penalties for violations of campaign finance and lobbying laws.
- IM-22 requires more transparency, so we know who's buying influence in politics.

• IM-22 toughens ethics law enforcement to investigate lobbyists and state officials for violations.

South Dakota needs this Anti-Corruption Act to stop big-money lobbyists from having more control than everyday citizens over our elected officials. IM-22 lets you control \$100 of your own tax money, so you can support candidates who best represent your beliefs and values — or tell government not to spend it. It's that simple. It's your choice.

Special interest lobbyists oppose IM-22 because they benefit from a rigged political system and don't want it changed. IM-22 was put on the ballot by more than 20,000 South Dakotans, including South Dakotans for Integrity, a group of conservatives, progressives, small business owners, veterans, retirees, and everyday South Dakotans who believe freedom and self-governance are the foundations of our democracy.

We need to restore a government of, by and for the people, not government for the highest bidder. We can't fix every problem in politics, but IM-22 is a step in the right direction. While Washington remains gridlocked, South Dakota can lead the nation in government integrity by voting YES on IM-22.

Vote YES on IM-22. South Dakota won't be bought.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 3 of 30

Don Frankenfeld, South Dakota economist and Republican Co-chair, South Dakotans for Integrity Read the proposal at yes.22.org

Con –Initiated Measure 22

Vote "NO" to defeat public financing of elections and to stop millions of your tax dollars from going into the political slush funds of politicians and those seeking public office.

The 34 page initiative is bad public policy and should be defeated.

Defeat initiated measure 22 because it: (1) forces South Dakota taxpayers to earmark millions of tax dollars to subsidize political campaign activity and causes they may not support; (2) diverts public funds that could be spent on other core priorities such as education, transportation or public safety, or returned to taxpayers in the form of lower taxes or fees; (3) compromises the constitutional rights of SD citizens to support the causes of their choice by stripping away individuals' right to privacy; and (4) exposes SD residents to harassment and intimidation while imposing a chilling effect on speech and political dialogue.

Vote "NO" to defeat Initiated Measure 22.

Larry Rhoden Defeat22.com

Soccer teams lose to St. Thomas More

The Groton girls soccer team played at St. Thomas More on Saturday and suffered a 5-1 loss to the host team. Harleigh Stange had one goal. Devan Howard had five saves.

The boys team lost, 10-0. Wyatt Locke had seven saves.

Next action for the soccer teams will be Saturday when both teams will host Vermillion. The girls play at 2 p.m. and the boys play at 4 p.m.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 4 of 30

Six Ways to Save On Your Next Car **Bv Nathaniel Sillin**

Looking for an eco-friendly subcompact or the thrills that come with a sports car? Perhaps the practicality of a sedan or a spacious SUV better fits your needs? No matter what type of vehicle is calling your name, planning your purchase can help you save as much money as possible.

Consider these six savings tips while shopping for your next car. Whether you're concerned about upfront, monthly or long-term costs, there's something here that can help you.

1. Look for a fuel-efficient car. Buying a hybrid or all-electric vehicle rather than a gas guzzler could help you save money on long-run fuel costs. Plus, state and federal tax credits might give you some additional upfront savings.

If you're sticking to a fully gas-powered car, you can still save money by choosing a fuel-efficient model. Once you pick a class of car and determine your budget, use the Environmental Protection Agency's milesper-gallon rating for each vehicle to estimate and compare the monthly fuel costs.

2. Compare the long-term costs of different cars. In addition to fuel, consider the long-term costs of maintenance, repairs, insurance, taxes, depreciation, fees and financing.

To help you with the calculations, Kelly Blue Book has a 5-Year Cost to Own tool that lets you compare long-term costs for 2015 and 2016 models. Edmunds's True Cost to Own® tool does a similar thing for 2010 and newer models.

3. Buy a "new-to-you" car. Buying a used car rather than the equivalent brand-new model can usually save you money. However, you'll want to look at each used car on an individual basis. Consider how it feels during a test drive and its history if you can access it.

You may be able to buy a warranty for your used car, or you could purchase a certified pre-owned (CPO) car from a dealership. Dealers inspect CPOs before selling them with a manufacturer's warranty. If you're not buying a CPO, you could hire a mechanic to perform a pre-purchase inspection. It's not a guarantee, but the inspection can help ensure you won't get caught off guard by any unexpected issues.

With the right deal on a used car, you might be able to buy the car outright instead of financing the purchase. By paying cash, you avoid accruing interest, making monthly payments and worrying about loan-origination fees.

4. Negotiate the purchase. Most people don't enjoy haggling with a car salesperson, but even nonconfrontational negotiating tactics can help you save money.

For example, once you pick a make and model, you could shop online for available vehicles at nearby



Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 • Vol. 23 - No. 053 • 5 of 30

dealerships. Reach out to each dealer's internet sales team and ask for their best total cost, inclusive of taxes and fees.

Take the lowest offer and ask the other dealers if they can beat it. If one of them can, take your new lowest quote and again ask the rest of the dealers to go lower. Keep going until you get a price that works best for you.

You could use the same tactic with dealerships outside your area. However, you may have to travel and pick up the car or pay to transport it.

Another helpful resource is negotiation services like Authority Auto, which negotiates competitive prices on new and pre-owned cars. For a fee, the online service negotiates each part of the process to get you a better deal and take some of the stress out of the car-buying experience and only charge a percentage of what they save you.

5. Consider leasing instead of purchasing. Taking out a lease is similar to purchasing a long-term rental. You'll have to return or buy the car at the end of the lease, and you may have to pay fees if you drive too many miles or damage the vehicle.

The lease down payment and monthly payments will be lower than buying the same car outright. However, you can still save money by shopping around and negotiating because the down payment and monthly payments depend on the vehicle's sale price.

If you like to drive a new car and always want to be under warranty, starting a new lease every few years could make sense. On the other hand, there's more long-term value in buying if you tend to have a lot of wear and tear on your cars.

6. Use alternative means of transportation. Forgoing the purchase of a car altogether might not work for everyone, but it's worth considering if you live in a city or don't regularly drive long distances. Instead of owning a car, you could get around with a mix of carpooling, public transportation, walking and biking. You could also still have access to a car if you join a car-sharing program or use a ride-sharing app or taxi service.



Customer Appreciation and Check-R-Board Days Aug. 22 through Aug. 25 Different happenings everyday

Monday is cookies and coffee On Tuesday all attendees receive a Purina cap Wednesday is bring your pet in for a treat Thursday is roast beef sandwiches, beans and drink served from noon to 7 pm. Be sure to wear your checker board clothing to be eligible to win \$500.

Bottom line

There are many ways to save money on your next car, and you should almost certainly plan your purchase before signing any dotted lines. Start by researching all your options, including living without a car, buying used and leasing. If you decide to purchase a car, you can compare the long-term cost of different makes and models and save money upfront by haggling with sellers.

Nathaniel Sillin directs Visa's financial education programs. To follow Practical Money Skills on Twitter: www.twitter.com/ PracticalMoney.

GROTON CITY COUNCIL MEETING AGENDA August 22, 2016 - 7pm Groton Community Center

1) Minutes

2) 2017 Budget Discussion

3) 1st Reading Ordinance # 706- 2017 Appropriation Ordinance



Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 • Vol. 23 - No. 053 • 6 of 30



I'll Never Stop Fighting for Ellsworth

It was in late August 11 years ago that I stood beside then-Gov. Mike Rounds at a podium and announced that the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Commission had removed Ellsworth Air Force Base from the Department of Defense's closure list.



I fought hard to save Ellsworth. It was one of my first major victories after having joined the Senate, and I still consider it a top accomplishment for the state of South Dakota, especially for West River.

It was clear then – and even clearer today – that closing Ellsworth would have been a bad choice, not only for the Rapid City area, which would have suffered a significant economic setback, but also for the Air Force and the Department of Defense, which would have lost a strategic installation. It would have cost taxpayers millions of dollars in new military construction and environmental clean-up, and it would have created a sizeable risk to our national defense strategy as a result of consolidating the entire B-1B bomber fleet into a single base. Eleven years later, it's evident that the BRAC Commission made the right decision, and the results speak for themselves.

Ellsworth has a \$260 million impact on the state's economy, and it's the second largest employer in South Dakota. It's home to the 28th Bomb Wing's two B-1B Lancer combat squadrons and the MQ-9 Reaper 89th Attack Squadron," and the base now has access to training airspace that spans nearly 35,000 square miles. The expansion of the Powder River Training Complex (PRTC) was a complicated project nearly a decade in the making, but was a project worth the fight. And above all else, the men and women based at Ellsworth are still providing world-class service to their community and the United States, and they are maintaining the legacy of the Doolittle Raiders.

One of the tenants of our national security strategy is to ensure vital military assets are strategically placed throughout the country, and Western South Dakota is the perfect location. Now that Ellsworth is hosting large force exercises in the largest training airspace over the continental United States, the base has a significant importance for crews throughout the Air Force and the Air National Guard. Airmen from around the country are able to train for more realistic scenarios by simulating combat conditions that will help them remain the best-trained fighters in the world. The PRTC also saves Ellsworth and the Air Force millions of dollars annually on fuel and maintenance costs.^(*)

The Obama administration hinted earlier this year that it might consider pursuing another round of BRAC closures throughout the country. Despite it being extremely difficult for such a proposal to get through Congress, Ellsworth's larger role in our national security and the investments that have been made over the last 10 years put it in a particularly strong position today and in the many years to come.



History Preserved

Our family is what I like to call an "outside family." We just don't do well being cooped up in a house, so inevitably we end up needing to take things outside. To me, there's almost nothing more beautiful than walking out our front door and seeing the wide open prairie (and, let's be honest, prime pheasant hunting territory). But from the time our kids were little, we took pride in the fact that we could also jump in the car, drive a few hours west, and find many of America's greatest natural wonders.

Our state is home to the rugged beauty of the Badlands, some of the world's largest and most complex caves, and four historic faces etched in stone just as their legacies have been etched into the history books. Each of these sites, along with a handful of others, has been set aside as part of our country's natural, recreational and political history – the preservation of which has been designated as the National Park Service's mission.

This year – and more specifically, August 25 – marks the agency's centennial birthday. The sites and narratives preserved throughout the last 100 years tell the story of America. From the depths of Wind Cave and Jewel Cave to the heights of the buttes in the Badlands, ages-old natural wonders are on display. Along the Lewis and Clark Trail and the Missouri River, we see the influence of tribal culture and the country's westward expansion. At the Minuteman Missile site where 1,000 nuclear missiles were kept during the Cold War, we are shown the fine line between war and peace. And at the base of Mount Rushmore, which turns 75 this year, we come face to face with the principles our nation was founded on, expanded with, united by, and fought to preserve.

The educational opportunities are expansive, but so are the economic. The six national parks within South Dakota's borders welcome 4.4 million visitors and generate \$292.3 million in economic benefits every year, according to the National Park Service. It's essential to our thriving tourism industry and an opportunity to introduce millions of people to all that makes our state so incredible.

Our "outside family" has been fortunate enough to hike many of the trails that navigate through South Dakota's parks. Each step has given us a new perspective. We've found connections with the past and gained an understanding of its influence on our world today. Perhaps most notably with each visit, we renew our commitment to preserving these sites so future generations can also access America's great backyard and the lessons within it.

Thank you to all those who have helped preserve these areas of our country, volunteered to ensure these places can be enjoyed by future generations, and taken the time to visit our national parks and take part in our living history.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 • Vol. 23 - No. 053 • 8 of 30

South Dakota Farmers Union Foundation Awards \$1,000 Scholarship to Lily Cutler

HURON, S.D.—Lily Cutler of Claremont, SD, has been awarded a \$1,000 scholarship from the South Dakota Farmers Union Foundation's annual Insuring a Brighter Tomorrow scholarship program.

Lily was one of 25 recipients chosen from a large group of applicants to receive the scholarship to be used in her post-secondary education in South Dakota. The scholarship program is funded by Farmers Union Insur-



Tom Farber, Farmers Union Insurance Agent in Britton, SD, and Lily Cutler, scholarship recipient from Claremont, SD.

ance agents from across the state through the South Dakota Farmers Union Foundation. The recipients were chosen based on a combination of academic record, activities and awards, financial need, and an essay relating to how they might, "Insure a Brighter Tomorrow," in South Dakota.

"This group of scholarship recipients will be the upcoming leaders for South Dakota's future. We're choosing to invest in these outstanding individuals to help them pursue their goals and aspirations," said Jason Wells, Regional Manager of Farmers Union Insurance. "This is a remarkable and extraordinary group and they make me excited about the future of our great state."

Lily Cutler is the daughter of James & Lisa Cutler. Lily plans to attend South Dakota School of Mines and Technology and will major in Chemical Engineering.

South Dakota Farmers Union Foundation supports programs and advances efforts that further economic prosperity and cultural vitality in rural South Dakota. For more information visit www.sdfufoundation.org

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 • Vol. 23 - No. 053 • 9 of 30

Today in Weather History

August 22, 1985: Intense thunderstorms moved from near Shadehill Reservoir in northwest South Dakota late in the evening of the 21st, to northern Brown County after sunrise on the 22nd. These thunderstorms produced high winds, large hail, rain, and lightning. Considerable crop and property damage was caused mainly by the strong winds and hail. Winds gusts ranged from 55 mph at Mobridge to 60 mph in and around Akaska. Winds of 70 mph were reported at Onaka and Faulkton. The strongest wind gust was reported in Hoven with a peak gust of 72 mph. Widespread damage was reported throughout the area. Many mobile homes, storage sheds, silos, and roofs were damaged or destroyed. Nine miles south and four miles west of Keldron, over two inches in diameter hail fell for 40 minutes, breaking windows and piling in ditches to a depth of four feet. These intense thunderstorms also produced brief heavy rainfall ranging from three-quarters of an inch to over four inches.

August 21, 2011: The Missouri River at Pierre, Fort Pierre, and Chamberlain/Oacoma fell throughout the month of August as releases on the Oahe Dam were slowly decreased. The Missouri River at Chamberlain/Oacoma fell below flood stage on August 22nd. The extensive damage to homes and roads began to surface as the water receded. The river continued to fall into September.

1816 - The growing season for corn was cut short as damaging frosts were reported from North Carolina to interior New England. (David Ludlum)

1893: Four hurricanes are observed in the Atlantic Ocean at the same time. Over a century would pass, 1998 before four hurricanes would again rage together in the Atlantic.

1923 - The temperature at Anchorage, AK, reached 82 degrees, a record for August for the location which was later tied on the 2nd in 1978. (The Weather Channel)

1987 - A cold front lowered temperatures 20 to 40 degrees across the north central U.S., and produced severe thunderstorms in Ohio and Lower Michigan. An early morning thunderstorm near Sydney MI produced high winds which spun a car around 180 degrees. (The National Weather Summary) (Storm Data)

1988 - Afternoon highs of 88 degrees at Astoria, OR, and 104 degrees at Medford, OR, were records for the date, and the number of daily record highs across the nation since the first of June topped the 2000 mark. (The National Weather Summary)

1989 - Evening thunderstorms in the central U.S. produced golf ball size hail at May City IA, and wind gusts to 66 mph at Balltown IA. Lightning struck a barn in Fayette County IA killing 750 hogs. Evening thunderstorms in Montana produced wind gusts to 70 mph at Havre. (The National Weather Summary) (Storm Data)

1992 - Hurricane Andrew makes landfall in Southern Florida as a Category 5 storm with wind guests estimated in excess of 175 m.p.h. Estimated damages exceeded \$20 billion, more than 60 people were killed and approximately 2 million people were evacuated from their homes. (University of Illinois WW2010)

1994: Hurricane John, about 345 miles south of Hilo, Hawaii had winds of 175 mph and pressure at 920 millibars or 27.17 inches of mercury, making it one of the strongest hurricanes ever in the Central Pacific. Its 31-day existence made John the longest-lasting tropical cyclone recorded in both the Pacific Ocean and worldwide, surpassing both Hurricane Tina's previous record in the Pacific of 24 days in the 1992 season and the 1899 San Ciriaco hurricane's previous world record of 28 days in the 1899 Atlantic season. John was also the farthest-traveling tropical cyclone in both Pacific Ocean and worldwide, with distance traveled of 7,165 miles, out-distancing previous record holders Hurricane Fico in the Pacific of 4,700 miles in the 1978 season and Hurricane Faith worldwide of 6,850 miles in the 1966 Atlantic season.

2003: The Okanagan Mountain fire reaches its destructive peak, destroying 250 homes. Nearly 40,000 residents have been evacuated or are on evacuation alert. The Okanagan Mountain Park Fire is estimated to be 17,000 hectares and continues to grow.



Published on: 08/22/2016 at 5:36AM

Hot air moving into the region today will result in high to extreme fire weather conditions mainly in western and central South Dakota. The core of hottest air moves into eastern South Dakota and western Minnesota for Tuesday, while a cold front moves across the western half of the state. This front could also help generate some strong storms during the evening hours for eastern South Dakota into western Minnesota.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 11 of 30

Yesterday's Weather High Outside Temp: 80.0 F at 5:22 PM

Low Outside Temp: 45.9 F at 5:40 AM High Gust: 13.0 Mph at 5:15 PM

Precip: 0.00

Today's Info Record High: 105° in 1971

Record Low: 36 in 1904 Average High: 81°F Average Low: 55°F Average Precip in Aug: 1.72 Precip to date in Aug: 1.93 Average Precip to date: 15.58 Precip Year to Date: 12.66 Sunset Tonight: 8:28 p.m. Sunrise Tomorrow: 6:44 a.m.



Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 12 of 30



MASTER MODEL

All of her life Melissa wanted to be a school teacher. It was a dream come true when she enrolled in college and actually began to prepare for a life of teaching. She wanted to be the best teacher any pupil ever had.

She decided to write Thomas Carlyle, a world famous historian, and ask his advice. She wrote, "Tell me, sir, what is the secret of successful teaching?"

His reply was simple, "Be what you would have your pupils to be. All else is unblessed mockery!"

What a reminder for Christians. Though our words are important, our life is a much stronger lesson about who Christ is and what He can do than anything we can ever say. Said Paul to Timothy, "Be an example to all believers in what you say, in the way you live, in your love, your faith and your purity."

Timothy was a young pastor and under much scrutiny. Paul knew the pressure that he faced and wanted him to be an example to his church in everything that he said or did. Wisely, Paul warned him that only those who lived lives that were modeled after Christ would be worthy examples and effective teachers of the Good News.

And if we read Paul's words carefully, we will notice that every aspect of life is mentioned: speech, behavior, love and faith as well as pure thinking and living.

Prayer: We often forget, Lord, that we are always Your model for the world to see. May our faith be strong, our thoughts pure and our lives modeled after Your Son. In Jesus' Name, Amen.

Scripture for Today: 1 Timothy 4:12 Don't let anyone look down on you because you are young, but set an example for the believers in speech, in life, in love, in faith, and in purity.



Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 13 of 30

News from the Associated Press

Drug trafficker convicted in Sioux Falls loses appeal

PIERRE, S.D. (AP) — The 8th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals has upheld the life sentence of an interstate drug trafficker convicted by a federal court jury in Sioux Falls.

Luciano Camberos-Villapuda was arrested in Denver in May 2013 and later convicted of drug conspiracy. U.S. Attorney Randolph Seiler says Camberos-Villapuda was "responsible for polluting our South Dakota communities with methamphetamine."

Camberos-Villapuda was given a mandatory life sentence because of previous felony drug convictions. Seiler says the appeals court recently rejected Camberos-Villapuda's arguments that certain evidence should have been suppressed at his trial, and that his sentence violated his constitutional rights.

Tribal chairman calls governor's emergency order unfortunate DAVE KOLPACK, Associated Press

FARGO, N.D. (AP) — North Dakota Gov. Jack Dalrymple's decision to issue an emergency declaration over an ongoing pipeline protest is unfortunate, the head of the Standing Rock Sioux Tribe said in a statement released Saturday.

Dalrymple said the order issued Friday is meant to free up more state resources to manage public safety risks from the dispute about the \$3.8 billion Dakota Access Pipeline. Construction of the pipeline north of Cannon Ball has been temporarily shut down until a federal court hearing Wednesday.

Tribal Chairman David Archambault II said the declaration used "the language of confrontation rather than cooperation" and is hurting the tribe's economy. He said one result has been roadblocks that prevent Standing Rock residents from getting to and from work.

Archambault said he agrees with Dalrymple about the need for public safety, but doesn't believe it should force the tribe to cancel concerts and close parks.

"I wish he had consulted with the tribe before making (Friday's) declaration, because the tribe has its hand extended in the spirit of partnership and cooperation," Archambault said. "We look upon this situation as an opportunity to work together."

Dalrymple declined to comment Saturday on Archambault's statement.

Morton County Sheriff Kyle Kirchmeier said in a statement he was pleased with the governor's action because it relieves the "financial burden" to police the protest. He said officers will continue to monitor activity in the pipeline construction area.

The 1,172-mile project would carry nearly a half-million barrels of crude oil daily from North Dakota's oil fields through South Dakota and Iowa to an existing pipeline in Patoka, Illinois. The tribe argues the pipeline that would be placed less than a mile upstream of the reservation could impact drinking water for the more than 8,000 tribal members in North Dakota and South Dakota and the millions who rely on it further downstream.

American Indians have been staging a nonviolent protest in the construction area for months. Since Aug. 11, Kirchmeier said, 26 people have been arrested for disorderly conduct and three people have been charged with criminal trespass. Archambault was arrested for disorderly conduct on Aug. 12.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 • Vol. 23 - No. 053 • 14 of 30

South Dakota Guard soldiers help renovate Suriname school

SIOUX FALLS, S.D. (AP) — Soldiers from the South Dakota National Guard teamed up with members of Suriname's armed forces to renovate a school in the South American country.

A team of eight soldiers from the Guard's 155th Engineer Company and 211th Engineer Company worked alongside about a dozen Suriname Defense Force engineers on the renovation. Guard officials say the project is meant to provide training for military construction personnel while also assisting in a worthy community need.

The improvements included tiling, door construction and installation, painting, electrical and lighting installation, sink and toilet installation, waterline plumbing, septic tank venting, drainage installation and installing a boundary fence.

The project began in March, when the group toured 14 schools. Suriname's Ministry of Education chose the Santo Dorp School, which serves approximately 850 students from the area.

Official: Pills found at Prince's estate contained fentanyl AMY FORLITI, Associated Press

MINNEAPOLIS (AP) — Some of the pills taken from Prince's estate in Paisley Park after his death were counterfeit drugs that actually contained fentanyl — a synthetic opioid 50 times more powerful than heroin, an official close to the investigation said.

The official, who spoke to The Associated Press Sunday on condition of anonymity because of the ongoing investigation, said nearly two dozen pills found in one Aleve bottle were falsely labeled as "Watson 385." According to Drugs.com, that stamp is used to identify pills containing a mix of acetaminophen and hydrocodone, but the official said at least one of the pills tested positive for fentanyl.

Autopsy results released in June show Prince died April 21 of an accidental fentanyl overdose. The official who spoke to the AP said records show the 57-year-old Prince had no prescription for any controlled substances in the state of Minnesota in the 12 months before he died.

Authorities are still investigating how Prince obtained the drugs.

Fentanyl has been responsible for a surge in overdose deaths in some parts of the country. When made into counterfeit pills, users don't always know they're taking fentanyl, increasing the risk of fatal overdose.

The Star Tribune first reported about the mislabeled pills in a story published on its website late Saturday.

Some of the dozens of pills seized from Paisley Park were found to have other drugs in them, some were oxycodone or codeine, and some were not controlled substances.

About a dozen tablets were found in a dressing room at Paisley Park, but the vast majority was in bottles of aspirin and Vitamin C that had been tucked inside a suitcase and bags — including one Prince often carried with him. Some pills were also found loose in the bag, the official said.

One pill with the "Watson 385" stamp tested positive for fentanyl, lidocaine and another drug. Officials found nearly two dozen pills similar to the one that was tested, the official said.

Another aspirin bottle had more than 60 counterfeit tablets in it.

Some pills that were analyzed contained fentanyl, lidocaine and U-4770 — a synthetic drug that is eight times more powerful than morphine.

Authorities also found a prescription bottle in someone else's name that contained 10 oxycodone pills, the official said, without revealing who was listed on the prescription.

The official said Prince had many of these pills with him on April 15 when the airplane he was on

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 15 of 30

made an emergency stop in Moline, Illinois, after he fell ill from a suspected drug overdose as he was heading home from a performance in Atlanta. Prince was given two doses of Narcan, an antidote used to reverse suspected opioid overdoses, the official said.

U-4770 can be tested for in toxicology screens, but is not done routinely because it is a relatively new chemical. Presence of the drug was not tested in Prince's case, but the levels of fentanyl in his system were more than enough to be toxic, the official said.

Tests on Prince prior to his death did not show fentanyl in his system, which means he wasn't a longtime abuser of that drug, but likely took the fatal dose sometime in the 24 hours before he died, the official said.

The official did not elaborate on those tests. But at least one doctor, Michael Todd Schulenberg, saw Prince on April 7 and again on April 20, the day before he died. According to a search warrant, he told a detective he had ordered tests for Prince and prescribed medications. Schulenberg's attorney, Amy Conners, has said patient-privacy laws do not allow her to say what the prescriptions were.

The autopsy report also shows Prince had diazepam, lidocaine and hydrocodone acids in his body, the official said. Diazepam is an anti-anxiety pill sold as Valium. It's a sedative and can also be used to control seizures, which Prince suffered from as a child. Lidocaine is a local anesthetic.

Israel OKs planning for Jewish homes in flashpoint Hebron Associated Press

JERUSALEM (AP) — Israeli authorities have granted preliminary permission for the planning of new Israeli homes in the city of Hebron, a flashpoint between Israelis and Palestinians in the West Bank.

COGAT, the Israeli defense body responsible for civilian affairs in the West Bank, confirmed on Monday that permission was given for planning infrastructure.

Hagit Ofran of the anti-settlement group Peace Now says the land was requisitioned from the Palestinian-run municipality for military use and will be converted to residential construction.

About 1,000 Jewish settlers live in heavily fortified enclaves in Hebron among tens of thousands of Palestinians. Settlers say they are returning to properties that belonged to Jews before they fled following deadly Arab riots in 1929.

Ofran says this is the first such approval in more than a decade.

The Latest: Clinton reserves additional \$80 million for ads

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Latest on the 2016 presidential campaign. (all times local): 6:30 a.m.

Hillary Clinton's campaign is reserving an additional \$80 million for fall campaign ads in eight battleground states. That brings the campaign's spending on television spots to \$150 million, according to a campaign aide.

Clinton's team is also releasing a new ad that questions the judgment of GOP rival Donald Trump.

"All it takes is one wrong move," says a narrator, over the sound of a flying missile.

The ad is running in Florida, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Iowa, Nevada, Ohio, North Carolina and Omaha, Neb. Clinton has paused ads in Colorado and Virginia, underscoring her confidence in those states.

Trump only began airing ads in recent days and has reserved just \$5 million in battleground state spots over the coming week in Florida, North Carolina, Ohio and Pennsylvania.

6:00 a.m.

Secretary of State Colin Powell is pushing back against Democratic presidential candidate Hillary Clin-

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 16 of 30

ton's assertion that he suggested she use her private email account for non-classified information. People magazine reported in a Twitter message that Powell said that Clinton's "people have been trying to pin" her email scandal on him.

Clinton has said that she and Powell were in agreement on the use of private email by secretaries of state. Clinton, though, had a private email server at her home in Chappaqua, N.Y.

Questions about Clinton's handling of government email have dogged her throughout her presidential campaign. The Justice Department investigated her practices and concluded there was no basis to recommend charges be brought against her, although FBI Director James Comey called her handling of the emails "extremely careless."

3:20 a.m.

GOP officials insist presidential nominee Donald Trump is finally hitting his stride and will catch up with Democrat Hillary Clinton by around Labor Day.

Clinton campaign officials dismissed the idea of a changed Trump as nonsense.

Republican Party chairman Reince Priebus (ryns PREE'-bus) said Sunday that "Donald Trump has been disciplined and mature. And I think he's going to get this thing back on track."

Polls now mostly show Trump lagging Clinton by 5 percentage points or more nationally, but Priebus predicted they will tighten up and Trump will be "ahead as we move through September."

Trump's new campaign manager, Kellyanne Conway, echoed Priebus' optimism, contending that the candidate just had the best week of his campaign, "mostly because he's able to be himself, the authentic Donald Trump."

As Clinton asks for money, what she says remains a mystery LISA LERER, Associated Press

PROVINCETOWN, Mass. (AP) — It was a very busy, very lucrative weekend for Hillary Clinton in the summer playground of the East Coast's moneyed elite.

She brunched with wealthy backers at a seaside estate in Nantucket, snacking on shrimp dumplings and crabcakes. A few hours later, she and her husband dined with an intimate party of thirty at a secluded Martha's Vineyard estate. And on Sunday afternoon, she joined the singer Cher at a "LGBT summer celebration" on the far reaches of Cape Cod.

By Sunday evening, Clinton had spoken to more than 2,200 campaign donors. But what she told the crowds remains a mystery.

Clinton has refused to open her fundraisers to journalists, reversing nearly a decade of greater transparency in presidential campaigns and leaving the public guessing at what she's saying to some of her most powerful supporters.

It's an approach that differs from the Democratic president she hopes to succeed. Since his 2008 campaign, President Barack Obama has allowed reporters traveling with him into the backyards and homes of wealthy donors to witness his some of his remarks.

While reporters are escorted out of Obama's events before the start of the juicier Q&A, the president's approach offers at least a limited measure of accountability that some fear may disappear when Clinton or Republican nominee Donald Trump moves into the White House.

"Unfortunately these things have a tendency to ratchet down," said Larry Noble, the general counsel of the nonprofit Campaign Legal Center. "As the bar gets lower, it's hard to raise it again."

Clinton's campaign does release limited details about her events, naming the hosts, how many people attended and how much they gave. That's more than Trump, whose far fewer fundraisers are held entirely away from the media, with no details provided.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 17 of 30

Even some Democrats privately acknowledge that Clinton's penchant for secrecy is a liability, given voters continued doubts about her honesty.

While Clinton will occasionally take questions from reporters at campaign stops, she has not held a full-fledged news conference in more than 260 days. Trump has held several. She refuses to release the transcripts of dozens of closed-door speeches she delivered to companies and business associations after leaving the State Department, despite significant bipartisan criticism.

And since announcing her presidential bid in April 2015, Clinton has held around 300 fundraising events — only around five have been open to any kind of news coverage.

"It does feed this rap about being secretive and being suspicious," said GOP strategist Whit Ayers.

Clinton's aides have promised for weeks that greater access to her events will be coming soon. But Trump's lack of disclosure has given her political cover to keep the doors closed, particularly as she conducts a period of intense fundraising before the final sprint to Election Day.

While Clinton is expected to make only two public appearances before the end of August, she and her top backers will mingle with donors at no fewer than 54 events according to a fundraising schedule obtained by The Associated Press.

Reporters covering these events wait outside, in vans, parking lots and vacant guesthouses — even at homes they've entered with Obama at previous events. In Provincetown on Sunday, five reporters crowded into the corner of a parking lot, clinging to a chain link fence as they tried to catch Clinton's speech to a crowd of about 1,000 supporters.

None of her remarks seemed particularly remarkable: The candidate could faintly be heard running through her standard stump speech.

During a Saturday fundraiser at a stately Martha's Vineyard estate, faint cheers could be heard as Clinton addressed 700 donors on a green lawn overlooking the water. Staffers instructed drivers to roll up the windows of the vans where reporters waited before being ushered into a nearby guesthouse.

What a candidate tells his or her rich donors has long been a subject of intense speculation in American politics, in part because the message can be different than what they offer to voters.

Obama is still haunted by a comment he made at a 2008 fundraiser in San Francisco, calling voters in small town Pennsylvania "bitter" and saying they cling to "guns or religion." He learned a lesson: At events during his 2012 campaign, staffers set up a table where guests were expected to check their cellphones before entering. Clinton has tried to ban tweeting, Instagram and other forms of social media at some of her events.

Four years ago, a waiter recorded and leaked remarks GOP nominee Mitt Romney made about the "47 percent" of voters who are "dependent on government and would vote for Obama "no matter what" at a closed Florida fundraiser. After his convention, Romney started opening his fundraisers to the media to grab headlines, especially on days when he had no other public appearances.

His former aides say that's not a problem for Clinton.

"Quite frankly, if I'm her, it may not be a bad thing to let Donald Trump be the only candidate making news on any given day," said former Romney campaign aide Ryan Williams. "She can stay dark for five straight days and let Trump trip all over himself."

10 Things to Know for Monday The Associated Press

Your daily look at late-breaking news, upcoming events and the stories that will be talked about Monday:

1. THE OLYMPICS END IN RIO, AND LOOK AHEAD TO ASIA

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 • Vol. 23 - No. 053 • 18 of 30

The Games are headed for South Korea, Japan and China — all countries have previously hosted the Olympics and enjoy a shared reputation for prosperity and administrative efficiency.

2. TEHRAN SPARS WITH MOSCOW OVER SYRIA

Iran's defense minister is chastising Russia for making public its use of an Iranian base for attacks on Syrian militants.

3. WHY YOU WON'T SEE WHO CLINTON'S DONORS ARE

The Democratic nominee holds her fundraisers behind closed doors, leaving voters in the dark about what she's telling some of her most influential supporters.

4. HOW MILLENIALS COULD SHAPE THE US ELECTION

The nation's youngest adults find it hard to recall a reality without terrorism and economic worry. How they vote on Nov. 8 will shape the political landscape for years to come.

5. TENSIONS FLARE ON THE KOREAN PENINSULA

South Korea and the United States begin annual military drills despite North Korea's threat of nuclear strikes in response to the exercises that it calls an invasion rehearsal.

6. CHINA IS CAUSING CONSTERNATION

Its assertive behavior in Asian seas what the U.S. calls unfair trading practices and cyber theft of business secrets have upset relations.

7. WHO TRANSFORMED INTO SUPER MARIO IN BRAZIL

Japanese Prime Minister Shinzo Abe popped out of a pipe, posing as the plump plumber to close the Rio Olympics and set the stage for Tokyo's games.

8. WHERE JAPAN'S FIRST LADY PAID TRIBUTE TO FALLEN AMERICANS

Meanwhile, Akie Abe offered flowers and a prayer at a Pearl Harbor memorial to victims of the Japanese attack 75 years ago.

9. WHAT AUTHORITIES SAY ABOUT PILLS FOUND AT PRINCE'S HOME

An official tells AP that the medications that killed the pop star contained the powerful synthetic opioid fentanyl, which is 50 times stronger than heroin, and were falsely labeled.

10. LEAD FOUND IN CHICAGO AREA PUBLIC HOUSING CAUSES PANIC

More than 1,000 residents of a complex have been told that their homes must be destroyed because of serious lead contamination.

WHY IT MATTERS: China MATTHEW PENNINGTON, Associated Press

EDITOR'S NOTE _ One in an AP series examining issues at stake in the presidential election and how they affect people

WASHINGTON (AP) — THE ISSUE: Tensions have been rising between China and the United States. China is modernizing its military and pressing its sovereignty claims over the disputed South China Sea, an important route for global trade. The U.S. is pushing back by increasing its military presence in Asia, which China views as provocative. The U.S. also accuses China of unfair trading practices and cyber theft of business secrets. Tough action by either side could spark a skirmish at sea or a trade war that would make many goods in the U.S. more expensive.

WHERE THEY STAND

Hillary Clinton says the U.S. needs to "stand up to China" and press the rising Asian power to play by international rules — in trade, in cyberspace, and in territorial disputes. But she's also said the two

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 19 of 30

nations need to cooperate where they can. Trump says the high volume of U.S.-China trade gives Washington leverage over Beijing. He accuses China of undervaluing its currency to makes its exports artificially cheap and he proposes tariffs as high as 45 percent tariff on Chinese imports into the U.S. to force it to trade fairly and support other U.S. policy goals.

WHY IT MATTERS

The U.S. and China are the world's two largest economies and biggest military spenders. The wider world needs them to get along, to keep the peace and tackle global problems like climate change and a nuclear North Korea. The U.S. and China also depend on each other economically. Two-way trade topped \$600 billion in 2015. China is the largest foreign holder of U.S. debt, and by some estimates, Chinese foreign direct investment into the U.S. has started to outstrip the flow of U.S. investment into China.

President Xi Jinping is trying to manage a soft landing for a slowing economy, and boost domestic consumption to reduce China's reliance on foreign trade to drive growth. That goal is supported by Washington as it could help reduce the U.S. trade deficit with China, which hit a record of nearly \$370 billion last year. But China has a mixed record on economic reform. It has allowed market forces to play a bigger role in its currency exchange rate, but the U.S. has other complaints: restrictions on market access for foreign companies, economic espionage, and state subsidies, including cheap imports from China's bloated steel industry.

China is building Asia's strongest military and wants to be treated as a global leader, but its assertive behavior has unnerved its neighbors who look to the U.S. to help preserve order.

The U.S. worries that China, which has built several artificial islands in the South China Sea, wants to control crucial sea lanes. China denies this but refuses to compromise in what it says is a historical right to tiny islands and adjacent waters in the South China Sea where five other governments have territorial claims.

The U.S. Navy has periodically sailed close to the islands to demonstrate its freedom to navigate the area, angering China. In July, China rejected an international tribunal ruling in a case brought by a U.S. ally, the Philippines, that invalidated the legal basis of China's claims. The U.S. hopes China will moderate its position, but it shows no sign of doing so, although Beijing says it is ready to negotiate directly with other claimants.

Such economic and strategic tensions between two world powers can directly affect American jobs, wages, consumer prices and security.

Back in Washington, Obama's vacation glow may fade quickly DARLENE SUPERVILLE, Associated Press

WASHINGTON (AP) — After two weeks of sunshine and 10 rounds of golf, President Barack Obama is preparing for the busy fall awaiting him.

The glow from his vacation on the Massachusetts island of Martha's Vineyard may fade sooner than expected, though. Obama gets back on the road Tuesday to comfort residents of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, a city hard-hit in recent weeks by natural and man-made tragedies.

Heavy flooding this month killed at least 13 people and displaced thousands more after murky water engulfed their homes.

In July, the fatal police shooting of a black man outside of a convenience store sparked protests and mass arrests. Police say the death of 37-year-old Alton Sterling apparently led a gunman to train his weapon on law enforcement officers, killing three.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 20 of 30

Obama was criticized for not visiting Baton Rouge after Sterling's death or the killings of two Baton Rouge police officers and a sheriff's deputy. He went instead to Dallas to eulogize five police officers who were killed by a gunman who similarly targeted law enforcement.

But the flooding is drawing Obama in, although the visit will come later than some would have liked. Some Louisianans and others, including The Advocate newspaper in Baton Rouge, called on Obama to break from vacation to console flood victims.

While Obama resisted the public pressure, Republican presidential candidate Donald Trump filled the void. He visited the flood-ravaged area Friday with his running mate, Indiana Gov. Mike Pence, and briefly helped unload a supply truck.

With Congress still on a seven-week break, Obama and aides will likely spend time this week trying to figure out what they want from lawmakers before they shift focus on campaigning for re-election.

Congress returns after Labor Day, and the House and Senate will have just a month to pass a catchall spending bill by the end of the federal budget year on Sept. 30 to keep the government operating. Lawmakers plan to leave Washington in October and return after the Nov. 8 elections.

The White House will continue to press for money to help keep the mosquito-borne Zika virus from spreading and develop a vaccine. The issue took on a new sense of urgency after Florida last week identified the popular Miami tourist haven of South Beach as the second site of Zika transmission on the U.S. mainland. A section of Miami's Wynwood arts district was the first.

In turn, incensed lawmakers have promised to keep the heat on the administration by holding hearings on the \$400 million it delivered to Iran in January. Republicans say the money was ransom to win freedom for four Americans held in Iran. Obama denied that, saying earlier this month that "we do not pay ransom. We didn't here. And we ... won't in the future."

But administration officials also said it made little sense not to "retain maximum leverage," as State Department spokesman John Kirby put it last week, for the money long owed to Iran, to ensure the U.S. citizens' release.

Iran had paid \$400 million in the 1970s for U.S. military equipment. Delivery was scrapped after the Iranian government was overthrown.

The explanations have not satisfied critics in and out of Congress. Trump has begun telling supporters at his campaign rallies that Obama "openly and blatantly" lied about the prisoners. House Speaker Paul Ryan, R-Wis., said Obama has set a "dangerous precedent" and owes the public a "full accounting of his actions."

After visiting Louisiana, the president heads to Nevada on Aug. 31 to discuss environmental protection at the Lake Tahoe Summit. He follows with a trip to China and Laos from Sept. 2-9.

He's also expected to campaign aggressively in October to help elect Democratic presidential candidate Hillary Clinton.

Clinton identity on world stage helped by 1995 China talk JOCELYN NOVECK, AP National Writer

NEW YORK (AP) — Flying across the Pacific on an Air Force jet bound for Beijing, first lady Hillary Clinton huddled deep into the night with a few aides and advisers, honing her speech for the U.N. Fourth World Conference on Women.

It was 1995, and it had been a bruising first few years in the White House: Troopergate, Travelgate, Whitewater. Not to mention the failure of her own high-profile efforts — unprecedented for a first lady — to overhaul the nation's health care system.

Even her trip to China provoked controversy. There were objections in some quarters to a first lady

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 21 of 30

wading into tricky diplomatic waters and addressing issues like human rights abuses. Some in Congress called the conference "anti-family" and felt the United States shouldn't be attending at all. Some feared offending the Chinese with criticism; others feared the hosts might use the U.S. participation — and the first lady's — as propaganda.

In the end, Clinton decided to make the trip, hoping to "push the envelope as far as I can on behalf of women and girls."

"All eyes were now on Beijing, and I knew that all eyes would be on me, too," she writes in her memoir, "Living History."

But as she rose to the podium, and even after she had stepped down to thunderous applause, Clinton had no idea the impact the moment would have, she says. More than two decades later, that 21-minute speech — with its declaration that "Human rights are women's rights, and women's rights are human rights" — remains one of her signature moments in public life.

It also stands out as a moment Clinton began to truly forge an identity as a public figure on the world stage apart from her husband.

"It gave her a platform that was instantly recognizable, one that she could utilize in a very efficacious way to make a difference," says Melanne Verveer, Clinton's chief of staff at the time.

And while Clinton was no stranger to the subject she addressed — she had long been an advocate for women and children — the Beijing speech would set a course for the issues with which she would be involved for the rest of her career, especially as secretary of state, says Verveer, who later served as the first U.S. ambassador-at-large for global women's issues.

"It played a major role in who she would become. It really was one of those evolutionary, transformative moments."

And it almost didn't happen. A few months earlier, Chinese-American dissident Harry Wu had been arrested upon entering China and charged with espionage, throwing the participation of the U.S. delegation and Clinton, its honorary chair, into limbo. He was finally released less than a month before the conference; Clinton writes that there was "never a quid pro quo."

She and her aides flew from Hawaii, where President Bill Clinton was speaking on the anniversary of V-J Day at Pearl Harbor. Working on the draft while others slept, the group was keenly aware that "one wrong word in this speech might lead to a diplomatic brouhaha," Clinton writes.

Hours later, she took the microphone in the large hall. She began by telling the delegates that when women are healthy, educated and free from violence, with a chance to work and learn, their families flourish, too. About halfway through, she declared: "It's time to break the silence. It's time for us to say here, for the world to hear, that it is no longer acceptable to discuss women's rights as separate from human rights."

With emphasis on the word "human" each time, she listed abuses against women — and called them human rights violations (she did not mention China by name). Then came her most famous line: "If there is one message that echoes forth from this conference, let it be that human rights are women's rights, and women's rights are human rights, once and for all."

Once the words had been translated for all to digest, the reaction was thunderous. "People have tears running down their cheeks, they're stomping their feet," Verveer recalls. In her memoir, Clinton writes that despite the reaction, she still had no idea "that my 21-minute speech would become a manifesto for women all over the world."

It's difficult to understand in 2016 just how new Clinton's message felt, says Kathy Spillar, executive director of the Feminist Majority Foundation.

"We look back 21 years later, and we go, 'duh' — but it was groundbreaking at the time," she says.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 22 of 30

"It was huge — the first lady of the United States saying this, just outright. Many women were coming from countries where discrimination against women disguised as cultural practice was widely happening. Even the U.N. as a whole hadn't embraced this agenda. ... It was just an extraordinary moment in the centuries-long struggle for women's full human rights around the world."

But does the moment resonate for younger generations? Clinton's presidential campaign has struggled — especially during the primary season against Vermont Sen. Bernie Sanders — to capture the enthusiasm of young voters.

"For millennials and the 18-30 group, it does seem like ancient history," says Debbie Walsh of the Center for American Women and Politics at Rutgers University. "But I think that when that speech is played and those words are heard, they're still meaningful. The global issues are not solved, and I think they do resonate with young women. So teaching young women in particular about Beijing — and what a departure it was from most first ladies to do something like that — is an important message for the Clinton campaign."

Writer Andi Zeisler was in her early 20s at the time, and she remembers news of the Beijing speech coming in stark contrast to more negative coverage of Hillary Clinton, especially when her husband was running for president.

"Hillary had become a focal point in so many ways, almost all of which were negative — the fact that she didn't give up her career ... this whole phenomenon of Hillary Clinton as a first lady considered too big for her britches or uppity or unforgivably ambitious," says Zeisler.

And so the Beijing speech amounted to "seeing her find a place where her voice was welcomed and where she kind of fit," says Zeisler, 43, author of "We Were Feminists Once" and co-founder and editorial director of the nonprofit Bitch Media. "I always think of the Beijing speech in the context of the word 'empowerment' because it was one of the first places on a global level where empowerment as an agenda — and as something that we should be striving for — was brought up.

"It was such an obvious thing: Women's rights are human rights. It seemed self-evident. But that was a real bombshell for a lot of people," she says.

Reminders of the moment have arisen often in Clinton's global travels, Verveer says.

"Even today if somebody comes up to her who remembers, they'll introduce themselves," she says. "They'll say, 'I was in Beijing.' It's that instant recognition that they shared something."

Trump family unity aided by bulldozers, hard hats NANCY BENAC, Associated Press

WASHINGTON (AP) — There's something about bulldozers and hard hats that brings a family together. It worked for Donald Trump and his father. And it worked for Donald Trump and his children.

Long before Donald Trump was a presidential candidate, New York real estate mogul and reality TV star, he was Fred Trump's kid, sitting at his dad's knee playing with blocks as his father developed homes and postwar apartment buildings in Brooklyn and Queens.

Fast forward six decades, and Donald Trump's three oldest children, all thirtysomethings, are vice presidents in his real estate empire as well as top advocates for their father in his presidential campaign.

Handed down across the generations was a clear set of Trump family values: work hard, talk big, sell luxury and leave your mark.

Like dad, Don Jr., Ivanka and Eric Trump were the boss's kids before they were business executives and campaign adjuncts. They tagged along on their father's visits to Trump construction sites and built

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 23 of 30

Lego skyscrapers on the floor of their dad's office as he negotiated hardball real estate deals.

"This is the third generation of builders," Don Jr. once said. "I think we've been programmed genetically with too much ambition to sit back and collect rent for the rest of our lives."

It's not just a love for brick and mortar that runs in the family.

Fred Trump built his real estate business by dangling dreams of luxury living to the middle class and showcasing champagne-sipping "bikinied beauties" in the scoop of a bulldozer, as one old news clip recounted.

A Trump real estate ad from 1949 describes Fred as "acting as a free and rugged individualist to meet the basic need for shelter." Many of his ads end with the tagline "another luxury achievement by Fred C. Trump." Old news articles show him extolling the impressive lobbies of his buildings, the popularity of new space-saving efficiency units and special features of Trump properties such as free supervised day camp services for tenants.

Behind the glamorous veneer was a business model that aggressively worked the system. Fred Trump used tax breaks and subsidies to make his projects profitable, a strategy his son has embraced as well.

Donald Trump worked with his father even before he completed college and in no time leapfrogged his dad in the arts of both deal-making and self-promotion. Manhattan beckoned, and the younger Trump answered, against the advice of his more cautious father.

"He was from Brooklyn and Queens, where we did smaller things," Trump said of his father during a town hall in New Hampshire last year. "He said, 'Don't go to Manhattan. That's not our territory.' But he was very proud of me."

One of Donald Trump's first big projects: Armed with guaranteed loans from his father and generous tax abatements, Trump transformed the defunct Commodore Hotel into a glimmering Grand Hyatt adjoining Grand Central Station that opened in 1980.

Trump's three oldest children — there are two more from his second and third marriages — clearly inherited their father's and grandfather's love of the deal. They're all executive vice presidents, directing development and acquisitions as a team.

At 38, Don Jr.'s recent work includes hotel and commercial projects in Vancouver, Rio de Janeiro and India. Ivanka, 34, has been overseeing conversion of the Old Post Office Building in Washington into a luxury hotel. Eric, 32, has focused on expanding the Trump collection of golf courses and created the Eric Trump Foundation to benefit St. Jude Children's Research Hospital.

The kids are expected to keep managing the Trump Organization should their father win the White House.

One of the big head-scratchers about Trump is how the candidate so prone to hype, bluster and insult managed to produce children who seem so even tempered.

Trump offered this explanation during a 2004 interview with CNN's Larry King: "I worked at it. I was tough. I was firm with them. I didn't give them too much money."

His children largely agree.

Don Jr. once said: "We weren't spoon fed and handed anything we wanted. If we wanted something, we could have it, but we had to work for it. We always had to have jobs."

For all the talk of familial love, admiration and discipline, the Trumps are no prototypical Norman Rockwell family.

By his children's own admissions, the thrice-married Trump was never the kind of dad who played baseball with them, built sand castles and read bedtime stories.

"We were definitely a more go-look-at-property kind of family," Eric once told CNN.

Trump himself has struggled to recall when he ever changed a diaper.

And there was plenty of turmoil when Trump's 1990 divorce from first wife, Ivana, played out like a

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 24 of 30

tawdry serial in the New York tabloids and word of his affair with Marla Maples became public.

Nine-year-old Ivanka found out her parents were divorcing when she saw a picture of them with a rip down the center splashed across the front of the New York Post.

After their parents split, the children lived with their mother in Trump Tower, tended to by nannies, while their father moved to another floor in the building.

In the heat of the divorce battle, Ivana Trump was quoted as saying of her husband, "Donald has gone weeks on end without seeing the children at all."

But Ivanka, in a 2004 interview with New York magazine, said the breakup ultimately brought the three kids closer to their father.

"Every morning before school, we'd go downstairs and give him a hug and kiss," she said. "We didn't take his presence for granted anymore."

Maples had already given birth to Trump's fourth child, daughter Tiffany, by the time she and Trump married late in 1993.

Tiffany, 22 and a recent graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, was largely raised by her mother in California. She was 5 when her parents divorced in 1999.

"I don't know what it's like to have a typical father figure," she told DuJour magazine last year. "He's not the dad who's going to take me to the beach and go swimming, but he's such a motivational person."

A typical father, for one, wouldn't be likely to speculate on the future breast size of his toddler, as Trump once did on "Lifestyles of the Rich and Famous" when he was asked what Tiffany had inherited from her mother.

Maples once said of her marriage to Trump: "There weren't any sacred moments. Everything had to be done in front of a camera, or everything was for the business."

Trump's youngest child, son Barron, 10, was born to his third and current wife, Melania, who has largely stayed off the campaign trail to raise their son.

"I want to thank Barron for putting up with the fact that I never see him anymore," Trump said in May. Trump's other children are making the most of their moment in the spotlight. There's been speculation that Don Jr. has his own political aspirations, and he hasn't ruled out running for office. But his father was clear there will be no 2017 run by Don Jr. for New York mayor.

The day after she delivered a speech vouching for her dad at the Republican National Convention, Ivanka Trump's fashion line marketed the dress she wore at the podium: "Shop Ivanka's look from her #RNC speech."

Divided America: Diverse millennials are no voting monolith GILLIAN FLACCUS, Associated Press TAMARA LUSH, Associated Press MARTHA IRVINE, Associated Press

America's oldest millennials — nearing 20 when airplanes slammed into the World Trade Center — can remember the economic prosperity of the 1990s, and when a different Clinton ran for president. The younger end of the generation — now nearing 20 — can't recall a time without terrorism or economic worry.

Now millennials have edged out baby boomers as the largest living generation in U.S. history, and more than 75 million have come of age. With less than three months to Election Day, the values of young Americans are an unpredictable grab bag. What they share is a palpable sense of disillusion-

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 25 of 30

ment.

As part of its Divided America series, The Associated Press interviewed seven millennial voters in five states where the generation could have an outsized influence this fall. They are a mosaic, from a black Nevada teen voting for the first time to a Florida-born son of Latino immigrants to a white Christian couple in Ohio.

These voters illustrate how millennials are challenging pollsters' expectations.

"Millennials have been described as apathetic, but they're absolutely not," said Diana Downard, a 26-year-old voting for Hillary Clinton. "Millennials have a very nuanced understanding of the political world."

Just 5 percent of young adults say that America is "greater than it has ever been," according to a recent GenForward poll. The first-of-its kind survey of young people between the ages of 18 and 30 was conducted by the Black Youth Project at the University of Chicago with the Associated Press-NORC Center for Public Affairs Research.

Briana Lawrence, a 21-year-old videographer and eyelash artist from the South, wants America to return to what it was. A recent North Carolina Central University graduate, she's voting for Clinton. She was just 7 on Sept. 11 and the aftermath of the attacks is the only time she remembers the nation feeling united.

"My biggest hope for this country is for us to come back together as a community," she said.

That's hard when people like her begin adulthood thousands of dollars in debt. Economic issues are huge with this group, since many are saddled with student loans and struggle to find jobs.

Only 8 percent of millennials feel their household's financial situation is "very good," according to GenForward's poll.

Brien Tillett, who recently graduated from a Las Vegas high school, is 18. He was only 10 when the recession hit. His single mother was hospitalized for months after a car accident and, with no safety net, the family struggled.

National debt is his top concern. As a black man, he's turned off by some of Donald Trump's remarks, but likes the Republican's aggressive economic stance. He also considered voting for Clinton, but is angry about her use of a private email server while Secretary of State. Unsure at first, he recently decided on Clinton.

Anibal David Cabrera wouldn't think of voting outside his party.

The son of a Honduran mother and Dominican father, he graduated from college in 2008. He was a finance major, but the economic collapse dried up jobs. Now 31 and living in Tampa, Florida, he finally found an accounting position at a small firm. He feels he's entering the prime of his life a few steps behind, through no fault of his own.

He's backing Trump and prays the candidate keeps promises and boosts the economy. "That is something my generation has kind of never seen," he said.

Shared pain doesn't lead to shared views.

Millennials' disdain for traditional party affiliation means that half describe themselves as independents, according to a 2014 Pew Research report — a near-record level of political disaffiliation. They tend to be liberal on social questions such as gay marriage, abortion and marijuana legalization. Yet they skew slightly conservative on fiscal policy and are more in line with other generations on gun control and foreign affairs.

Trip Nistico, a recent Colorado law school graduate, is a gun rights advocate who visits shooting ranges — but also supports in same-sex marriage. He backed President Barack Obama in 2008 and Mitt Romney in 2012. The 26-year-old is voting for Trump this year.

Still, Trump remains unpopular among millennials and nearly two-thirds of Americans between the

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 26 of 30

ages of 18 and 30 believe the Republican nominee is racist, according to GenForward's poll. Views of Hillary Clinton also were unfavorable, though not to the same extent.

Bill and Kristi Clay, parents of two young boys and devout Christians from rural Ohio, have struggled to pick a candidate who matches their values.

Kristi Clay opposes same-sex marriage and abortion and names those as her top issues. Yet the 32-year-old school librarian reluctantly leans toward Clinton, because she feels Trump is materialistic and prefers the Democratic views on immigration and poverty.

Though she and her 33-year-old husband are feeling "pessimistic" about this election, both say they will vote anyway.

Whether their millennial brethren do the same is unknown. Some are disenchanted that progressive Bernie Sanders, who ran against Clinton in the Democratic primary, is out of the race.

The millennial vote rose steadily beginning in 2002 and peaked in 2008. In 2012, however, just 45 percent of millennials cast ballots and participation has leveled off or dropped since, said John Della Volpe, director of polling at Harvard University's Institute of Politics.

"They have a somewhat different perspective in terms of politics," he said. "It hasn't really worked. They haven't been part of a movement that's been effective."

WHY IT MATTERS: All will be touched by choice in November CALVIN WOODWARD, Associated Press

WASHINGTON (AP) — Hillary Clinton and Donald Trump offer voters distinct choices this fall on issues that shape everyday lives. Actual ideas are in play, as difficult as it can be to see them through the surreal layers of the 2016 presidential campaign.

Washington, even in normal times, may feel like a foreign capital far removed from the places politicians love to talk about — the proverbial kitchen table, Main Street, your wallet.

But decisions to be made by President Trump or President Clinton are going to matter to home and hearth. The tax bite, the social safety net, the social fabric, potholes, prices, jobs, war, the air we breathe, personal debt and national debt — all that and more are touched in some way by the ballots of Tuesday, Nov. 8.

America's place in the world is in the balance, too. So is the direction of the Supreme Court, tied between Republican and Democratic appointees. In a sense, a vote for president is also a vote to break the court's left-right divide. Which side are you on?

Whichever side, voters are in the driver's seat, not the cheap seats, for this election spectacle.

Clinton brings some predictability. She has a public-service record and an economic agenda rooted in the traditions of the Democratic Party. Trump at the core is a party of one. The Republican nominee serves up ideas in improvised explosive tweets and broad brushstrokes from the stage.

That contrast is a guide to what to expect, not the whole story. Both are known to have shifted with the political winds. And their plans require the approval of that famously ornery place, Congress, to become real.

Even so, they point to divergent paths for the country on immigration, the economy, health care, global warming and any number of other topics. They present, in short, discernible choices.

In this series, Associated Press writers who cover subjects at stake in the election illuminate the economic, social and foreign policy landscape, summarize the positions of the candidates and look at why those choices matter.

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 27 of 30

Samba, reflections and pride in final Rio Olympics party PETER PRENGAMAN, Associated Press MAURICIO SAVARESE, Associated Press

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — Shaking to samba and expressing a sense of longing with uniquely Brazilian words, Olympians and fans said goodbye to the Rio Games with one last big bash that was both revelatory and a sigh of relief.

The closing ceremony Sunday celebrated the 16-day spectacle that was the Rio Games, which combined numerous highlights with ugly and even bizarre episodes that sometimes overshadowed competition. Cariocas — as Rio's residents are known — weren't swayed by the issues that led up to these Olympics, and braved rain and strong winds on the final night to cap their moment in the worldwide spotlight.

While South America's first Olympics are over, safely and with a grandiose finale, many problems remain. Still, Brazil showed Sunday it still definitely knows how to party.

"These were marvelous Olympic Games in the 'marvelous city," said International Olympic Committee President Thomas Bach, playing off the "cidade maravilhosa" nickname of Brazil's postcard city of inviting coastlines, year-round sun and lush tropical vegetation.

While the stadium erupted in applause at that declaration, a few minutes later there were boos of sadness when Bach announced: "I declare the Games of the XXXI Olympiad closed."

The closing ceremony in iconic Maracana Stadium was also meant to take care of some business — formally signaling the transition to the 2020 Summer Olympics in Japan.

But Sunday's party was all about Brazil, designed to be more low-key than the opening, which focused heavily on Rio.

The ceremony featured original footage of Alberto Santos Dumont, the man that Brazilians recognize as the inventor of the airplane. The theme, "Brazilians can do with their bare hands," was a nod to the emerging economy of the world's fifth most populous nation.

Dressed in colorful feathers, dozens of dancers formed in the shape of the arches of Lapa, a popular area of Rio akin to Roman ruins, then morphed to make the shape of iconic Sugarloaf before quickly changing again, this time to the official 2016 symbol.

Samba legend Martinho da Vila, whose tunes make their way into many popular telenovelas, sang "Carinhoso," or "Affectionate."

Olympians poured in under light rain, waving their flags while many shook their bodies to sambainfused pop that made the stadium feel like a Carnival parade. Britain's athletes wore shoes with soles that lit up in changing colors of red, white and blue, while Tongan taekwondo athlete Pita Taufatofua danced onstage in a grass skirt as a DJ performed, reprising a moment that captured attention when he carried the flag for his country during the opening ceremony.

The show widened its lens to greater Brazil, a massive country with a land mass slightly larger than the continental United States. There was a tribute to cave paintings of some of the first inhabitants of the Americas, in Serra da Capivara, in Northeastern Brazil, today one of the nation's poorest regions.

Spectators watched performers shake it to frevo, a frenetic dance that — if it's even possible — makes high-octane samba seem like a staid ballroom affair. Holding small umbrellas, dancers jumped and marched while performing acrobatics.

They shook it to "Vassourinhas," which means "small brooms," a popular song that was also the name of a famous club in the northeastern city of Recife.

The show also built performances around "saudade," which means anything from longing for someone to sadness to remembering good times. It is one of the most important words in Brazilian Portuguese. Lights flashed translations for the word in many languages, and a group of women sang "Mulher

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 28 of 30

Rendeira," or "Lace-making Woman," a nod to the country's African heritage. Brazil was the last country in the Americas to outlaw slavery, in 1888.

The games had many memorable moments, both for Brazilian competitors at home and athletes from around the world.

Soccer-crazed Brazil got partial payback against Germany, winning gold two years after a 7-1 World Cup semi-final shellacking that left Brazilians fuming. American gymnast Simone Biles asserted her dominance with four golds, swimmer Michael Phelps added five more to up his staggering total to 23 and the world's fastest man, Usain Bolt, put on his usual show with three golds just days before turning 30 years old.

But there were also ugly episodes, like American swimmer Ryan Lochte's fabricated story about a harrowing robbery that was actually an intoxicated-fueled vandalism of a gas station bathroom, and bizarre issues like Olympic diving pools going from crystal blue to gunky, algae green — at a time when Rio's water quality in open waters is one of the biggest local environmental issues.

With the games over, Brazilians now return to problems that have long consumed the country of 200 million people. The economy is mired in its worst recession in decades, and later this week the Senate is expected to begin the trial on whether to permanently remove suspended President Dilma Rousseff, who was impeached in May for breaking fiscal rules in her managing of the federal budget.

There's widespread expectation that the games in Tokyo, one of the world's richest, most recognizable, cosmopolitan cities, will run more smoothly than they have in Rio. But there's also worry in Japan over whether the Olympics will eventually further drag down an economy that has been struggling for decades.

The governor of Tokyo, Yuriko Koike, accepted the flag from International Olympic Committee President Thomas Bach and Rio Mayor Eduardo Paes, signaling the transition.

Many people, from Brazilians to IOC members, will analyze how things went for the Rio Games in the months ahead. But on Sunday, one strong sentiment was relief — that despite some problems, overall the games went well.

That wasn't a given going in. The Zika virus scared away some competitors and tourists, rampant street crime in Rio and recent extremist attacks around the world raised fears about safety and Brazil's political crisis, and the economic angst behind it, threatened to cast a pall over the competitions.

"We are very resilient, we didn't leave anything important unaddressed," said Augusta Porto, 36, a translator and Rio resident. "We can welcome people despite the serious problems that we have faced in the recent past."

S. Korea, US start drills despite N. Korea's nuclear threat HYUNG-JIN KIM, Associated Press

SEOUL, South Korea (AP) — South Korea and the United States began annual military drills Monday despite North Korea's threat of nuclear strikes in response to the exercises that it calls an invasion rehearsal.

Such fiery rhetoric by Pyongyang is not unusual. But the latest warning comes at a time of more tension following the defection of a senior North Korean diplomat and a U.S. plan to place a high-tech defense missile system in South Korea.

The North's military said in a statement Monday that it will turn Seoul and Washington into "a heap of ashes through a Korean-style pre-emptive nuclear strike" if they show any signs of aggression toward the North's territory.

The North's "first-strike" units are ready to mount retaliatory attacks on South Korean and U.S. forces

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 29 of 30

involved in the drills, according to the statement, carried by Pyongyang's state media.

South Korea's Unification Ministry expressed "strong" regret over the North's warning, saying the drills with the U.S. are defensive in nature. Seoul and Washington have repeatedly said they have no intentions of invading Pyongyang.

The Ulchi Freedom Guardian drills that began Monday for a 12-day run are largely computer-simulated war games. The training involves 25,000 American troops and 50,000 South Korean soldiers, according to the U.S. and South Korean militaries.

The drills come just days after Seoul announced that Thae Yong Ho, No. 2 at the North's embassy in London, had recently defected to South Korea because he was disillusioned with the North's leadership. Pyongyang's state media called him "human scum" and a criminal who had been ordered home for a series of alleged criminal acts, including sexually assaulting a minor.

South Korea's President Park Geun-hye said Monday that there were signs of "serious cracks" in the North's ruling elite class after defections of key figures she didn't identity. Park told a security meeting that Pyongyang could carry out cyberattacks or other provocations on South Korea to divert public attention away from such domestic problems.

Many analysts said Thae's defection was an embarrassment to the North Korean government of leader Kim Jong Un, but would not weaken the unity of the country's elite class.

North Korea has already boosted its war rhetoric because of the planned deployment of the U.S. Terminal High-Altitude Area Defense system in South Korea, which Washington and Seoul says is needed because of the increasing North Korean threats.

About 28,500 U.S. troops are in South Korea to help deter potential aggression from North Korea, a legacy of the 1950-53 Korean War that ended with armistice, not a peace treaty.

Today in History The Associated Press

Today in History

Today is Monday, Aug. 22, the 235th day of 2016. There are 131 days left in the year. Today's Highlight in History:

Ioday's Highlight in History:

On Aug. 22, 1485, England's King Richard III was killed in the Battle of Bosworth Field, effectively ending the War of the Roses.

On this date:

In 1787, inventor John Fitch demonstrated his steamboat on the Delaware River to delegates from the Constitutional Convention in Philadelphia.

In 1846, Gen. Stephen W. Kearny proclaimed all of New Mexico a territory of the United States.

In 1851, the schooner America outraced more than a dozen British vessels off the English coast to win a trophy that came to be known as the America's Cup.

In 1910, Japan annexed Korea, which remained under Japanese control until the end of World War II. In 1922, Irish revolutionary Michael Collins was shot to death, apparently by Irish Republican Army members opposed to the Anglo-Irish Treaty that Collins had co-signed.

In 1932, the British Broadcasting Corp. conducted its first experimental television broadcast, using a 30-line mechanical system.

In 1956, President Dwight D. Eisenhower and Vice President Richard Nixon were nominated for second terms in office by the Republican National Convention in San Francisco.

In 1968, Pope Paul VI arrived in Bogota, Colombia, for the start of the first papal visit to South America. In 1972, President Richard Nixon was nominated for a second term of office by the Republican Na-

Monday, Aug. 22, 2016 + Vol. 23 - No. 053 + 30 of 30

tional Convention in Miami Beach.

In 1985, 55 people died when fire broke out aboard a British Airtours charter jet on a runway at Manchester Airport in England.

In 1986, Kerr-McGee Corp. agreed to pay the estate of the late Karen Silkwood \$1.38 million, settling a 10-year-old nuclear contamination lawsuit. The Rob Reiner coming-of-age film "Stand By Me" was put into wide release by Columbia Pictures.

In 1996, President Bill Clinton signed welfare legislation ending guaranteed cash payments to the poor and demanding work from recipients.

Ten years ago: A Russian Pulkovo Airlines jet carrying 170 people crashed in eastern Ukraine, killing all aboard. Paramount Pictures severed its ties to actor Tom Cruise after 14 years, citing what it called unacceptable conduct, such as jumping on Oprah Winfrey's couch and aggressively advocating Scientology.

Five years ago: Hurricane Irene cut a destructive path through the Caribbean, raking Puerto Rico with strong winds and rain and then spinning just north of the Dominican Republic. Nick Ashford, one-half of the legendary Motown songwriting duo Ashford & Simpson, died in New York at age 70. Lyricist Jerry Leiber, who with composer Mike Stoller wrote "Hound Dog," 'Jailhouse Rock," 'Yakety Yak" and other hits, died in Los Angeles at age 78.

One year ago: A suicide car bomber attacked a NATO convoy traveling through a crowded neighborhood in Afghanistan's capital, killing at least 12 people, including four American civilian contractors. A military jet taking part in a British airshow crashed into a busy main road near Brighton in southern England, killing 11 people.

Today's Birthdays: Heart surgeon Dr. Denton Cooley is 96. Broadcast journalist Morton Dean is 81. Author Annie Proulx (proo) is 81. Baseball Hall of Famer Carl Yastrzemski is 77. Actress Valerie Harper is 77. Pro Football Hall of Fame coach Bill Parcells is 75. Writer-producer David Chase is 71. CBS newsman Steve Kroft is 71. Actress Cindy Williams is 69. Pop musician David Marks is 68. International Swimming Hall of Famer Diana Nvad is 67. Baseball Hall of Famer Paul Molitor is 60. Country singer Holly Dunn is 59. Rock musician Vernon Reid is 58. Country singer Ricky Lynn Gregg is 57. Country singer Collin Raye is 56. Actress Regina Taylor is 56. Rock singer Roland Orzabal (Tears For Fears) is 55. Rock musician Debbi Peterson (The Bangles) is 55. Rock musician Gary Lee Conner (Screaming Trees) is 54. Singer Tori Amos is 53. Country singer Mila Mason is 53. Rhythm-and-blues musician James DeBarge is 53. International Tennis Hall of Famer Mats Wilander is 52. Actress Brooke Dillman is 50. Rapper GZA (JIHZ'ah)/The Genius is 50. Actor Adewale Akinnuoye-Agbaje (ah-day-WAH'-lay ah-kih-NOY'-yay ah-BAH'jay) is 49. Actor Ty Burrell is 49. Celebrity chef Giada DeLaurentiis is 46. Actress Melinda Page Hamilton is 45. Actor Rick Yune is 45. Rock musician Paul Doucette (Matchbox Twenty) is 44. Rap-reggae singer Beenie Man is 43. Singer Howie Dorough (Backstreet Boys) is 43. Comedian-actress Kristen Wiig is 43. Actress Jenna Leigh Green is 42. Rock musician Bo Koster is 42. Rock musician Dean Back (Theory of a Deadman) is 41. Talk show host James Corden (TV: "The Late Late Show with James Corden") is 38. Rock musician Jeff Stinco (Simple Plan) is 38. Actor Brandon Adams is 37. Actress Aya Sumika is 36.

Thought for Today: "Charming people live up to the very edge of their charm, and behave as outrageously as the world lets them." — Logan Pearsall Smith, Anglo-American essayist (1865-1946).